

# Nuclear Data Testing and Evaluation at CNL and CAB

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**CSEWG 2015, BNL, USA**



# $S(a,\beta)$ for light & heavy water

WPEC Subgroup 42 (SG42)

*Thermal Scattering Kernel  $S(a,\beta)$ : Measurement, Evaluation and Application*

<https://www.oecd-nea.org/science/wpec/sg42/>

Meeting: May 2015 (NEA, Paris)

16 presentations available:

[https://www.oecd-nea.org/science/wpec/sg42/Meetings/2015\\_May/index.html](https://www.oecd-nea.org/science/wpec/sg42/Meetings/2015_May/index.html)

Main news (CSEWG 2015):

new  $S(a,\beta)$  evaluations for light and heavy water ( liquid  $H_2O$  /  $D_2O$  ) are available for testing and comments via BNL *gforge*,

[USNDP/CSEWG GForge](#) Collaboration Server

Home > Projects > ENDF/B-VII > [SVN](#) > [trunk](#) > [endf7](#) > [thermal\\_scatt](#)



# NEW $S(a,\beta)$ for light & heavy water

## Main news:

new  $S(a,\beta)$  evaluations ( MF7 ) for light and heavy water are available for testing and comments via BNL *gforge*,

[USNDP/CSEWG GForge](#) Collaboration Server

[Home](#) > [Projects](#) > [ENDF/B-VII](#) > [SVN](#) > [trunk](#) > [endf7](#) > [thermal\\_scatt](#)

[https://ndclx4.bnl.gov/gf/project/endf/scmsvn/?action=browse&path=%2Ftrunk%2Fendf7%2Fthermal\\_scatt%2F](https://ndclx4.bnl.gov/gf/project/endf/scmsvn/?action=browse&path=%2Ftrunk%2Fendf7%2Fthermal_scatt%2F)

## Index of /trunk/endf7/thermal\_scatt

Files shown: 26

Directory revision: 669 (of 687)

Sticky Revision:

[tsl-HinH2O.endf](#)

and

[tsl-DinD20.endf](#) ,

[tsl-OinD20.endf](#)

File ^	Rev.	Age	Author	Last log entry
<a href="#">Parent Directory</a>				
<a href="#">tsl-013 Al 027.endf</a>	<a href="#">626</a>	15 months	dbrown	set EMAX in the header of all evaluations to the ENDF declared maximum of 5 eV (...)
<a href="#">tsl-026 Fe 056.endf</a>	<a href="#">626</a>	15 months	dbrown	set EMAX in the header of all evaluations to the ENDF declared maximum of 5 eV (...)
<a href="#">tsl-Be-metal.endf</a>	<a href="#">626</a>	15 months	dbrown	set EMAX in the header of all evaluations to the ENDF declared maximum of 5 eV (...)
<a href="#">tsl-BeinBeO.endf</a>	<a href="#">626</a>	15 months	dbrown	set EMAX in the header of all evaluations to the ENDF declared maximum of 5 eV (...)
<a href="#">tsl-CinSiC.endf</a>	<a href="#">625</a>	15 months	dbrown	set EMAX in both evaluations to 5 eV
<a href="#">tsl-DinD20.endf</a>	<a href="#">669</a>	7 weeks	marquezj	Submitting the TSL for deuterium and oxygen bound in heavy water calculated with...
<a href="#">tsl-HinC5O2H8.endf</a>	<a href="#">658</a>	4 months	dbrown	On behalf of Ayman Hawari: This updated file was generated by running LEAPR usi...
<a href="#">tsl-HinCH2.endf</a>	<a href="#">626</a>	15 months	dbrown	set EMAX in the header of all evaluations to the ENDF declared maximum of 5 eV (...)
<a href="#">tsl-HinH2O.endf</a>	<a href="#">668</a>	7 weeks	marquezj	Submitting the TSL for hydrogen bound in light water calculated with the CAB Mod...
<a href="#">tsl-HinZrH.endf</a>	<a href="#">626</a>	15 months	dbrown	set EMAX in the header of all evaluations to the ENDF declared maximum of 5 eV (...)
<a href="#">tsl-OinBeO.endf</a>	<a href="#">626</a>	15 months	dbrown	set EMAX in the header of all evaluations to the ENDF declared maximum of 5 eV (...)
<a href="#">tsl-OinD20.endf</a>	<a href="#">669</a>	7 weeks	marquezj	Submitting the TSL for deuterium and oxygen bound in heavy water calculated with...



# NEW $S(a,\beta)$ for light & heavy water

[/trunk/endl7/thermal\\_scatt/tsl-HinH2O.endf](#)

[tsl-HinH2O.endf](#)

Submitting the TSL for hydrogen bound in light water  
calculated with the CAB Model

[https://ndclx4.bnl.gov/gf/project/endl/scmsvn/?action=browse&path=%2Ftrunk%2Fendl7%2Fthermal\\_scatt%2Ftsl-HinH2O.endf&view=log](https://ndclx4.bnl.gov/gf/project/endl/scmsvn/?action=browse&path=%2Ftrunk%2Fendl7%2Fthermal_scatt%2Ftsl-HinH2O.endf&view=log)

[/trunk/endl7/thermal\\_scatt/tsl-DinD2O.endf](#)

[tsl-DinD2O.endf](#)

Submitting the TSL for deuterium and oxygen bound in heavy water  
calculated with the CAB Model

[https://ndclx4.bnl.gov/gf/project/endl/scmsvn/?action=browse&path=%2Ftrunk%2Fendl7%2Fthermal\\_scatt%2Ftsl-DinD2O.endf&view=log](https://ndclx4.bnl.gov/gf/project/endl/scmsvn/?action=browse&path=%2Ftrunk%2Fendl7%2Fthermal_scatt%2Ftsl-DinD2O.endf&view=log)

[/trunk/endl7/thermal\\_scatt/tsl-OinD2O.endf](#)

[tsl-OinD2O.endf](#)

Submitting the TSL for deuterium and oxygen bound in heavy water  
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[https://ndclx4.bnl.gov/gf/project/endl/scmsvn/?action=browse&path=%2Ftrunk%2Fendl7%2Fthermal\\_scatt%2Ftsl-OinD2O.endf&view=log](https://ndclx4.bnl.gov/gf/project/endl/scmsvn/?action=browse&path=%2Ftrunk%2Fendl7%2Fthermal_scatt%2Ftsl-OinD2O.endf&view=log)



# NEW $S(a,B)$ for light & heavy water

Temperature grid ( v. of September 2015 ), in K :

Temperatures = 283.6, **293.6**, 323.6, 350.0, 373.6, 400.0,  
423.6, 450.0, 473.6, 500.0,  
523.6, 550.0, 573.6, 600.0 K .

Normalization ( parameter  $B(1) = M_0 \times \sigma_{f0}$  ;  $\sigma_{f0} = \sigma_{s,th}$  at  $T = 0$  K, (MF3, MT2) )

H-1: 40.87268 b ( $M_0 = 2$ )

H-2: 6.7920 b ( $M_0 = 2$ ) and O-16: 3.750 b ( $M_0 = 1$ )

(change to 3.851810 b for ENDF/B-VII.1)

The files were generated using NJOY 99.396 (with our patches for *leapr*).

The files can be processed with NJOY 99.396 .

However, we do processing with our patches for *thermr* and *acer* ;

NJOY updates are available upon request.



# NEW $S(a,\beta)$ for light & heavy water new & improved models → new evaluation

New evaluation (in ENDF-6 format) is based on combining **molecular dynamics (MD)** simulations and *reliable experimental data*.

The resulting new models are implemented in / are compatible with /  
LEAPR module of NJOY ( nuclear data post-processing code, NJOY99 → NJOY 2012 )

The **key points** for building new  $S(\alpha,\beta)$  models are:

1. use of molecular (self)diffusion for translational motion of liquid  $H_2O$  /  $D_2O$  ( instead of free gas approximation (FG) used in **all** evaluated ND libraries );
2. continuous vibrational spectra computed from molecular dynamics (MD) simulation at a given thermodynamic state of the liquid,  $(p, T)$  and density  $\rho = \rho(p, T)$ , (instead of derived / adjusted spectra from neutron scattering experiments );
3. a more precise description of the structure of liquid: e.g., models for D and O in  $D_2O$  based on **experimental results** (instead of using the incoherent approximation in ENDF/B-VI or the Lennard-Jones model for D-D structure in JEFF 3.1 and ENDF/B-VII.0 → ENDF/B-VII.1)
4. better numerics (e.g., extended grid(s),  $\alpha_i$ ,  $\beta_j$ ,  $T_n$ , and NJOY data processing options revisited, and we use NJOY with patches in **leapr**, **thermr**, and **acer** ; )
5. ACE files to be generated for **testing / benchmarking** with MCNP5, MCNP6, and SERPENT

The resulting scattering kernels & cross sections will be an improvement over existing evaluations: **they are compared with measurements** of double differential scattering cross sections, quasi-elastic neutron scattering measurements, angular distributions of out-scattered neutrons, average cosine of the scattering angle ( $\mu$ -bar), and total cross sections;

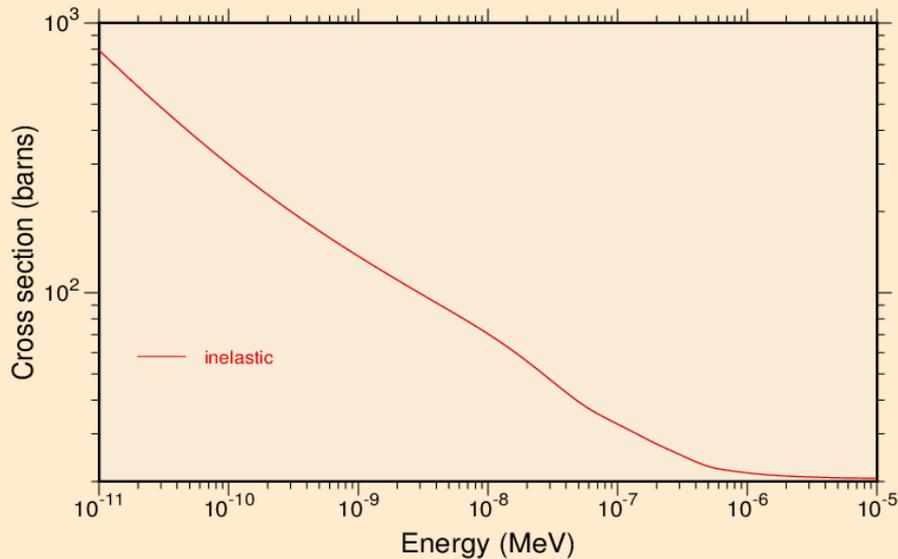
**Need more measurements at different  $(p, T)$ : not too many experimental data beyond room T.**



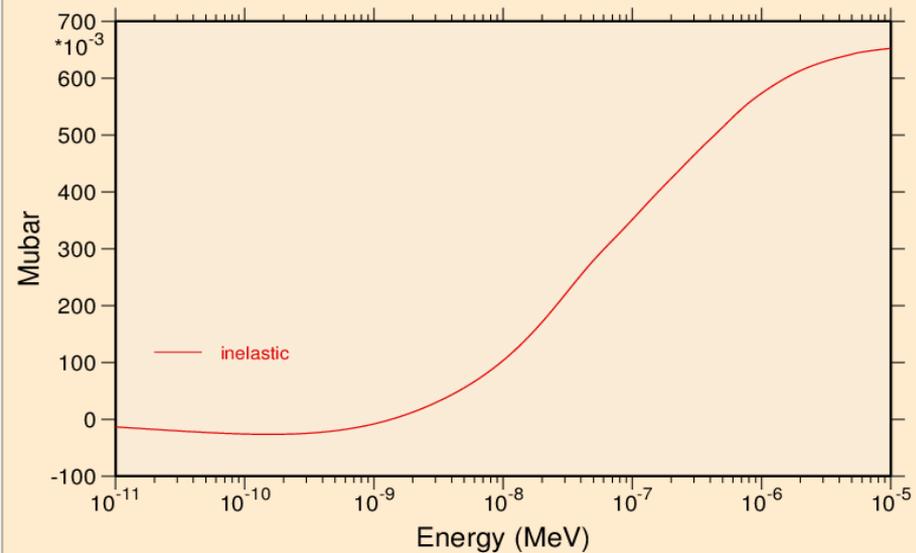
# NEW $S(a,\beta)$ for light water ( $H_2O$ ) H-in- $H_2O$ , from MF7 $\rightarrow$ thermal ace files

Processed with NJOY99: check  $E \rightarrow 0$  and 'cross-over' ( $E \sim 5-10\text{eV}$ ) asymptotics  
 $\sigma_s(E)$  and 'Mubar', or  $\langle \mu \rangle(E)$

H-H2O, T = 350.0 K, S(A,B) CAB MODEL 2015, NJ99, TOL=.001, C  
Thermal cross sections

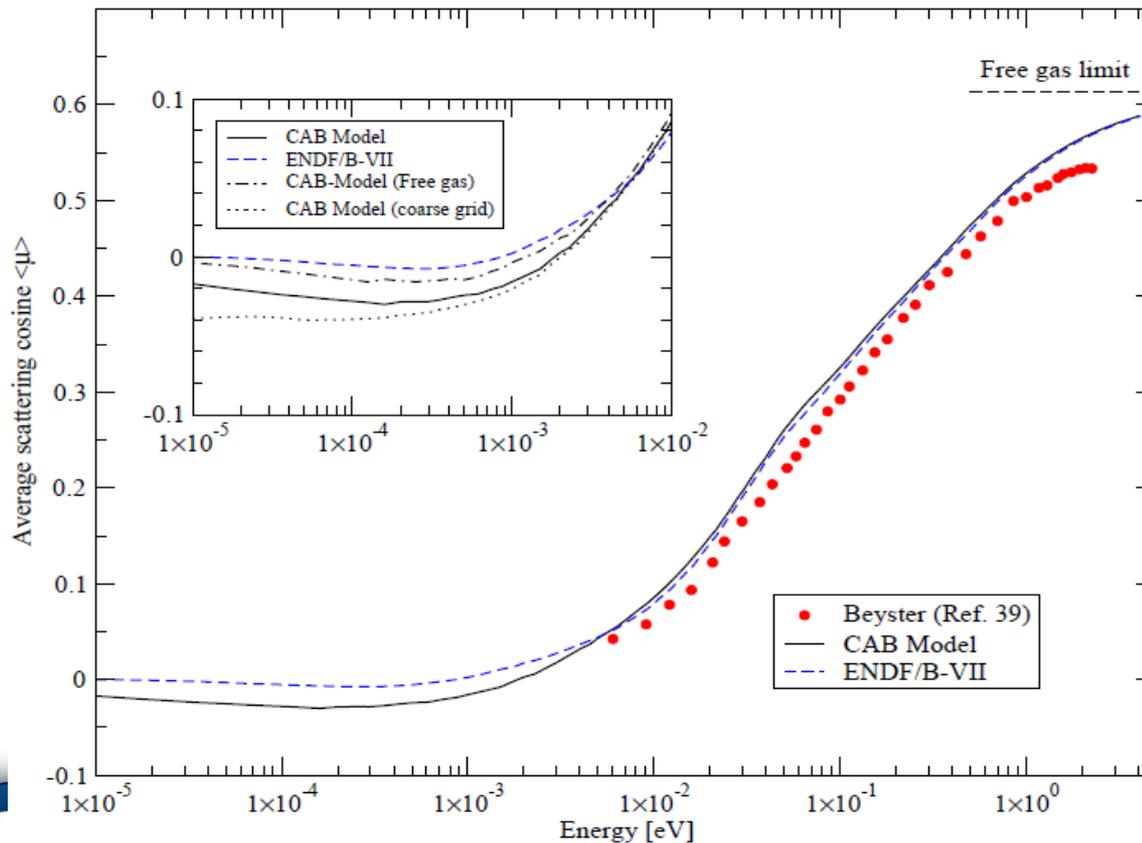


H-H2O, T = 350.0 K, S(A,B) CAB MODEL 2015, NJ99, TOL=.001, C  
Thermal mubar



# NEW $S(a,\beta)$ for light water ( $H_2O$ ) H-in- $H_2O$ , from MF7 $\rightarrow$ thermal ace files

Processed with NJOY99: check  $E \rightarrow 0$  and 'cross-over' ( $E \sim 5-10\text{eV}$ ) asymptotics  
'Mubar', or  $\langle \mu \rangle(E)$

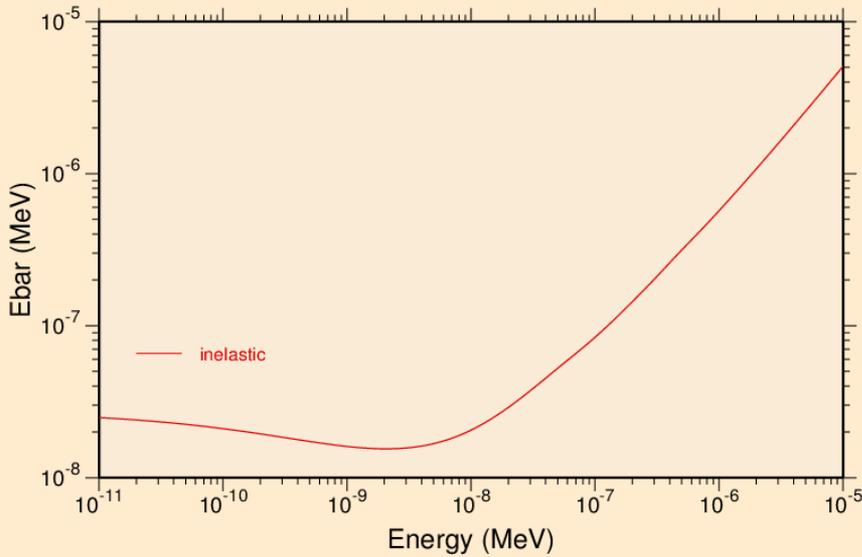


# NEW $S(a, \beta)$ for light water ( $H_2O$ )

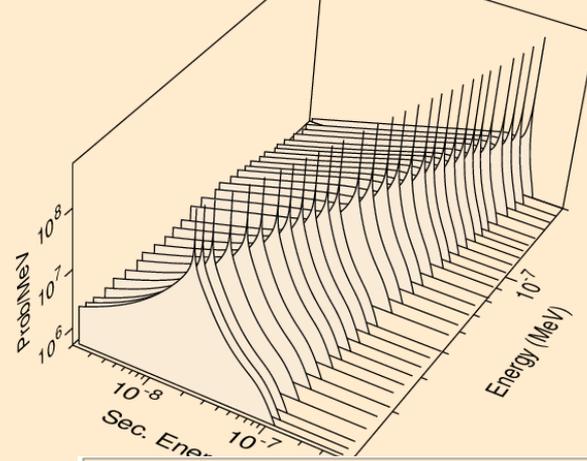
H-in- $H_2O$ , from MF7  $\rightarrow$  thermal ace files

Processed with NJOY99: check  $E \rightarrow 0$  and 'cross-over' ( $E \sim 5-10eV$ ) asymptotics

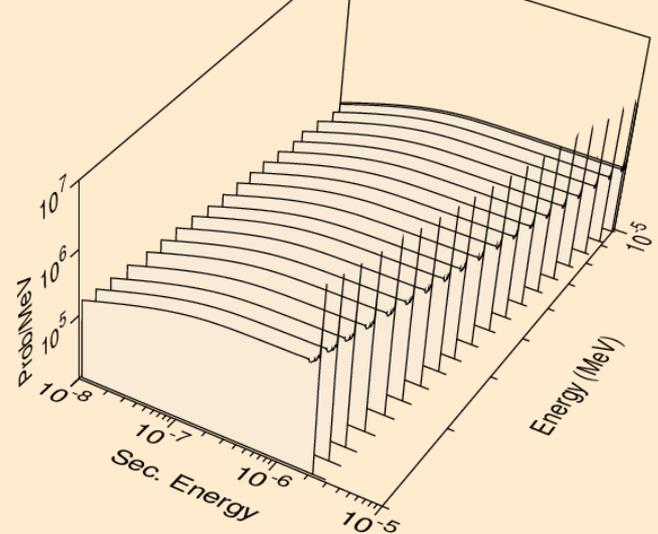
H-H2O, T = 350.0 K, S(A,B) CAB MODEL 2015, NJ99, TOL=.001, C  
Thermal ebar



H-H2O, T = 350.0 K, S(A,B) CAB MODEL 2015, NJ99, TOL=.001, C  
thermal inelastic



H-H2O, T = 350.0 K, S(A,B) CAB MODEL 2015, NJ99, TOL=.001  
thermal inelastic



'Ebar', or  $\langle E' \rangle(E)$   
and Prob/MeV,  $P_s(E \rightarrow E')$ , at  $T = 350$  K



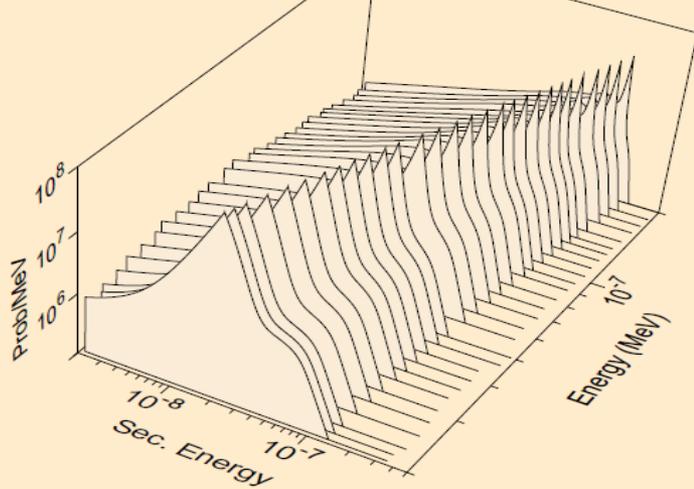
# NEW $S(a,\beta)$ for light water ( $H_2O$ )

H-in- $H_2O$ , from MF7 → thermal ace files, **compare with ENDF/B-VII.0,.1**

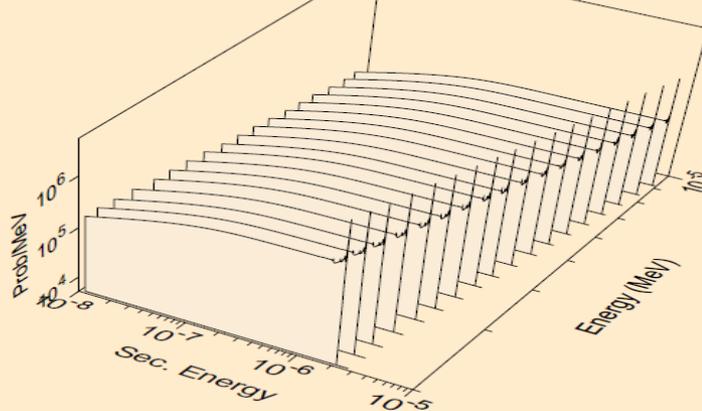
Processed with NJOY99: check  $E \rightarrow 0$  and 'cross-over' ( $E \sim 5-10eV$ ) asymptotics

<https://t2.lanl.gov/nis/data/endl/endlvii-thermal.html> see view PDF plots

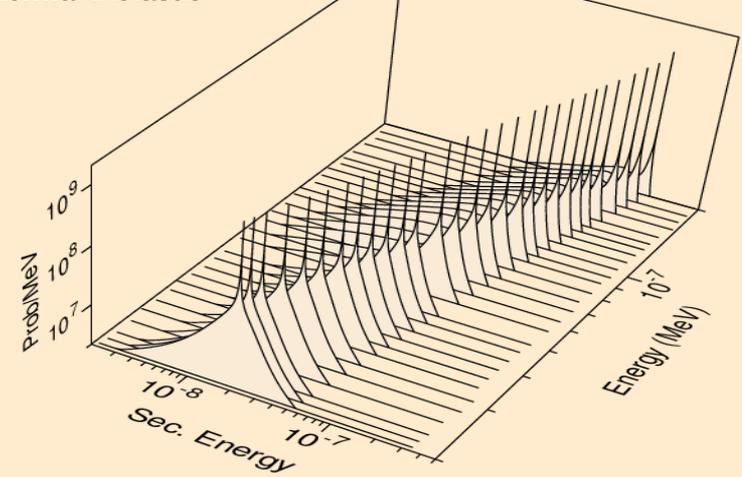
1-H-1 IN H2O AT 293.6K FROM ENDF/B-VII USING CON thermal inelastic



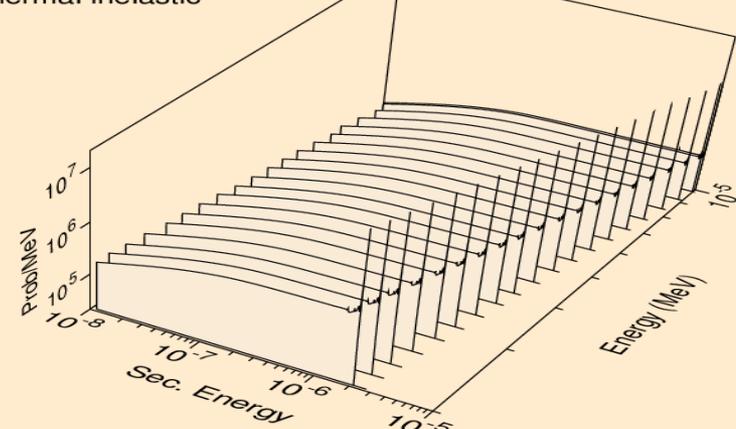
1-H-1 IN H2O AT 293.6K FROM ENDF/B-VII USING CON thermal inelastic



H-H2O, T = 293.6 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, thermal inelastic



H-H2O, T = 293.6 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, thermal inelastic

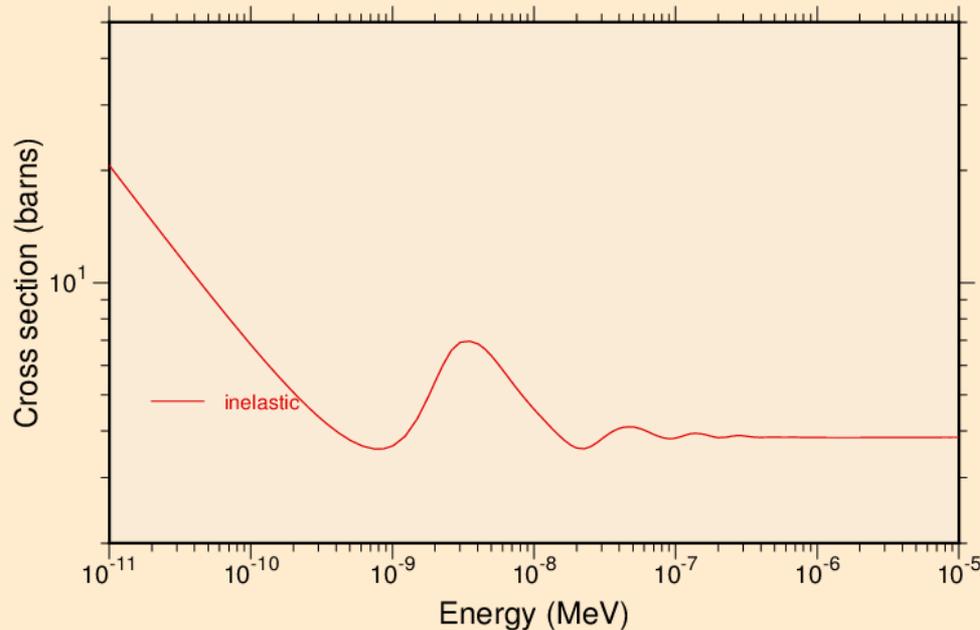


# NEW $S(a,B)$ for heavy water

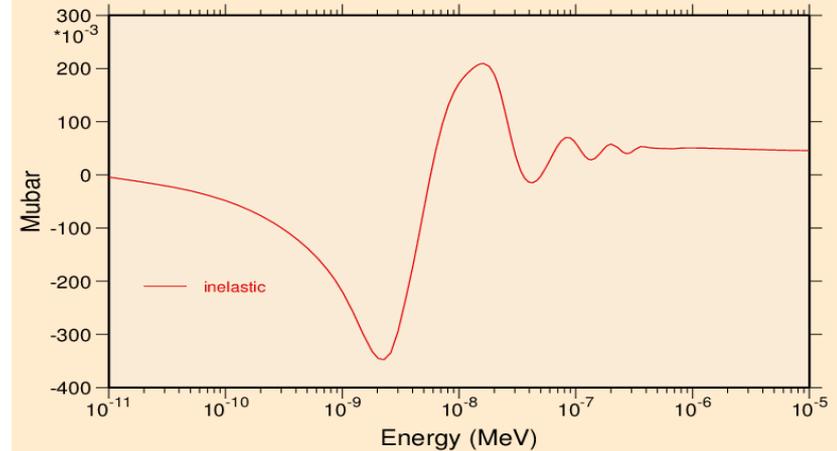
## O-16-in-D<sub>2</sub>O, from MF7 → thermal ace files

Processed with NJOY99: check  $E \rightarrow 0$  and 'cross-over' ( $E \sim 5-10\text{eV}$ ) asymptotics

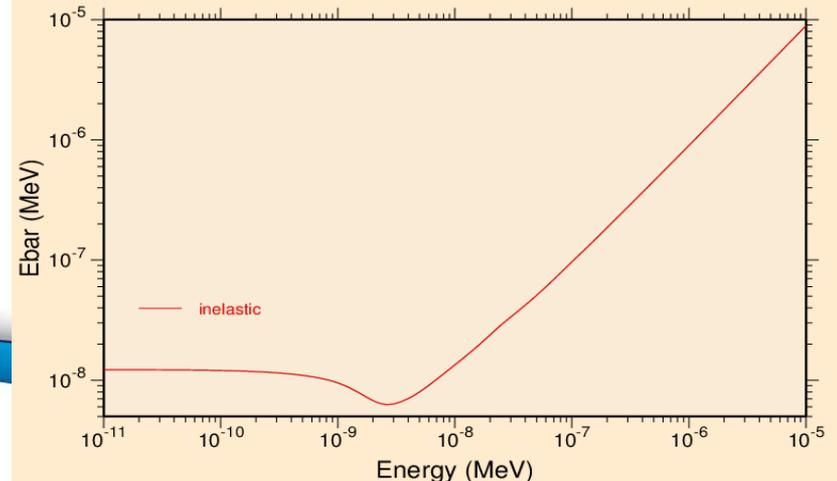
O-D2O, T=350.0 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, 2015, NJ99,  
Thermal cross sections



O-D2O, T=350.0 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, 2015, NJ99  
Thermal mubar



O-D2O, T=350.0 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, 2015, NJ99,  
Thermal ebar



$\sigma_s(E)$ ,  $\langle \mu \rangle(E)$ , and  $\langle E' \rangle(E)$  at  $T = 350 \text{ K}$

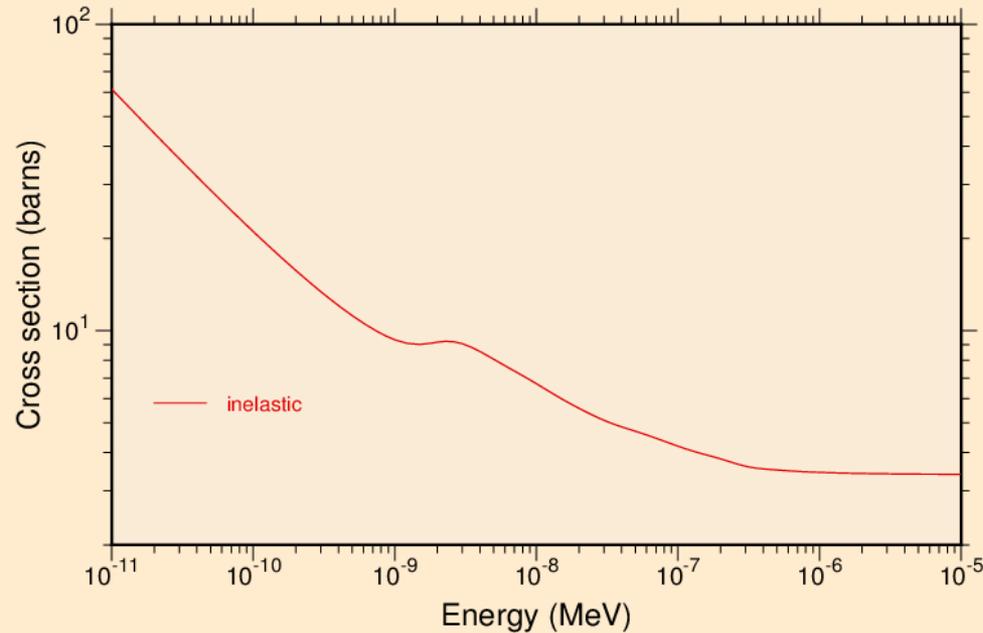


# NEW $S(a,B)$ for heavy water

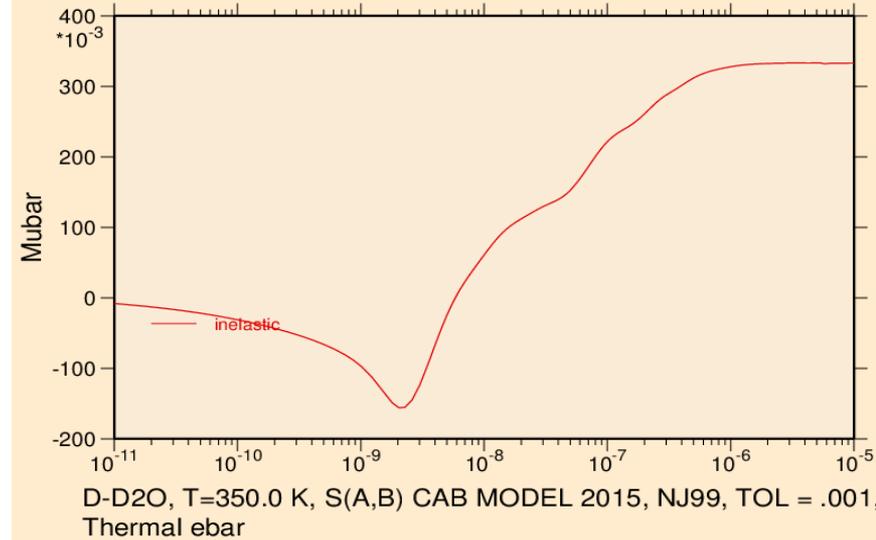
## H-2-in-D<sub>2</sub>O, from MF7 → thermal ace files

Processed with NJOY99: check  $E \rightarrow 0$  and 'cross-over' ( $E \sim 5\text{-}10\text{eV}$ ) asymptotics

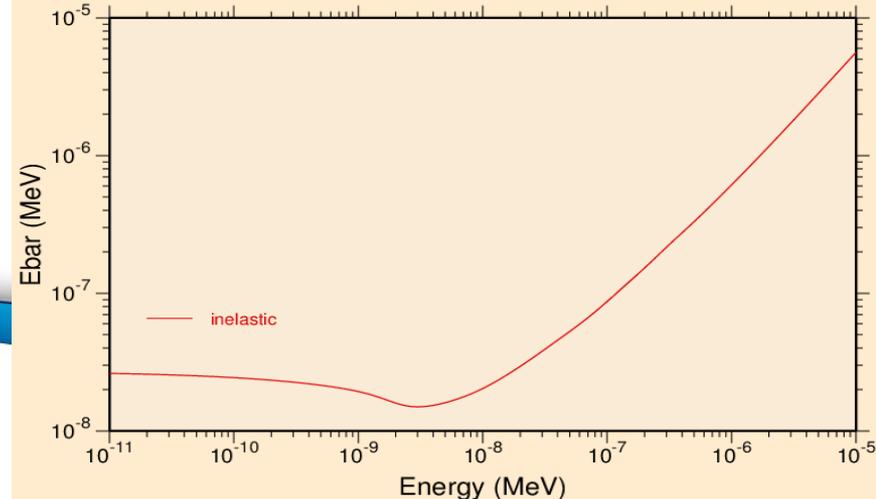
D-D2O, T=350.0 K, S(A,B) CAB MODEL 2015, NJ99, TOL = .001,  
Thermal cross sections



D-D2O, T=350.0 K, S(A,B) CAB MODEL 2015, NJ99, TOL = .001,  
Thermal mubar



D-D2O, T=350.0 K, S(A,B) CAB MODEL 2015, NJ99, TOL = .001,  
Thermal ebar



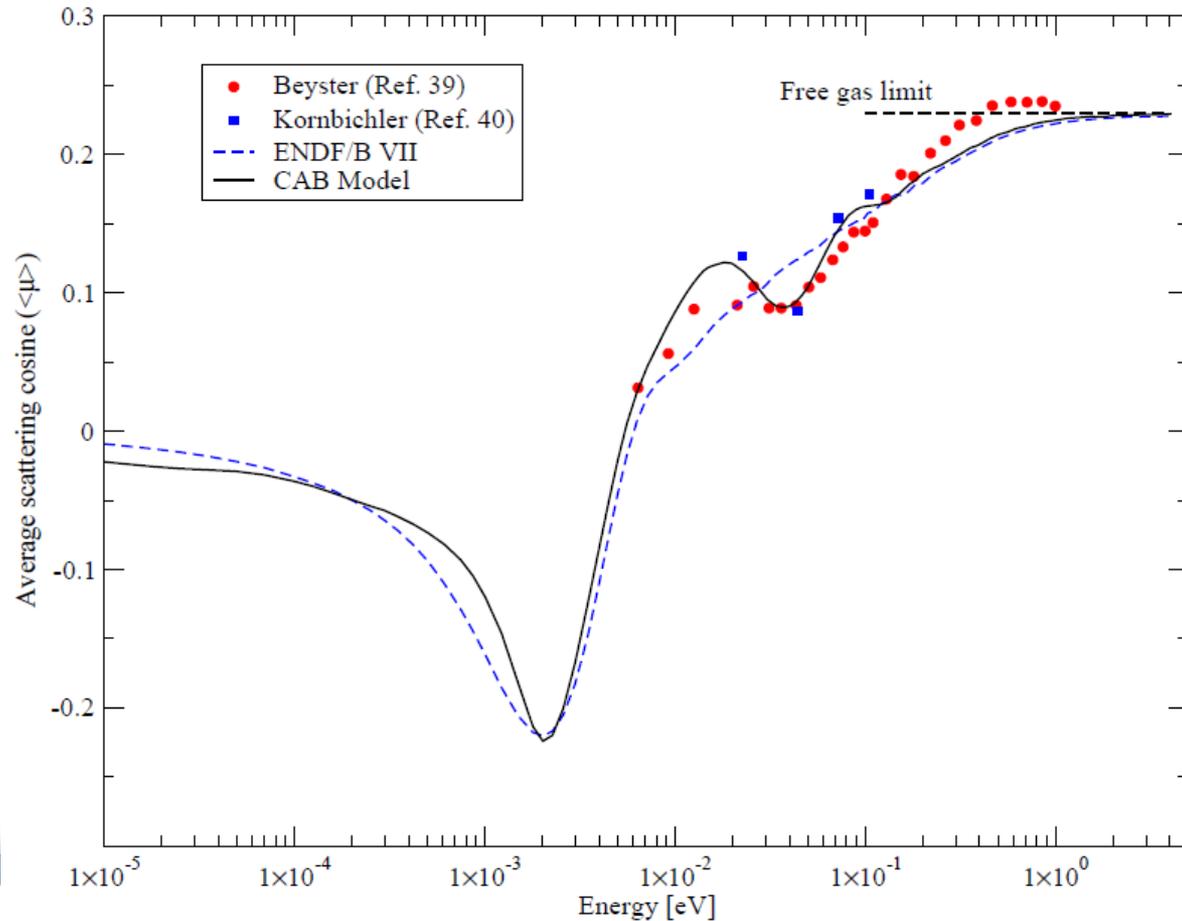
$\sigma_s(E)$ ,  $\langle \mu \rangle(E)$ , and  $\langle E' \rangle(E)$  at  $T = 350$  K



# NEW $S(a, \beta)$ for heavy water

we need H-2-in-D<sub>2</sub>O and O-16-in-D<sub>2</sub>O to calculate  $\mu$ -bar per molecule

$\langle \mu \rangle(E)$

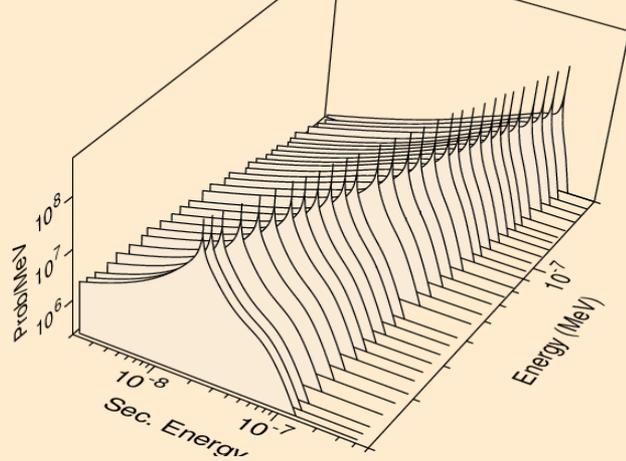


# NEW $S(a,B)$ for heavy water

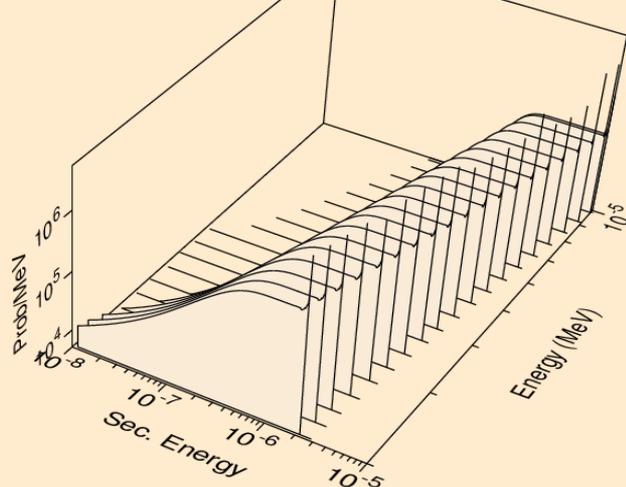
we have H-2-in-D<sub>2</sub>O and O-16-in-D<sub>2</sub>O to describe n scatt. from D<sub>2</sub>O

Processed with NJOY99:  $P_s(E \rightarrow E')$ ,  $T = 350$  K; thermal  $E$  and  $E' \sim 5$ -10 eV

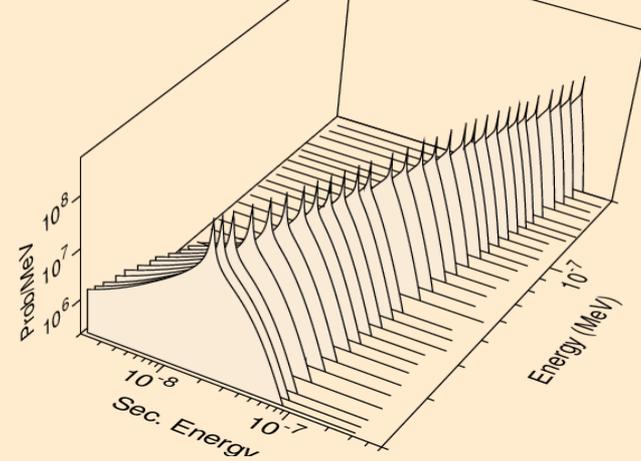
D-D<sub>2</sub>O, T=350.0 K, S(A,B) CAB MODEL 2015, NJ99, TOL = .001, thermal inelastic



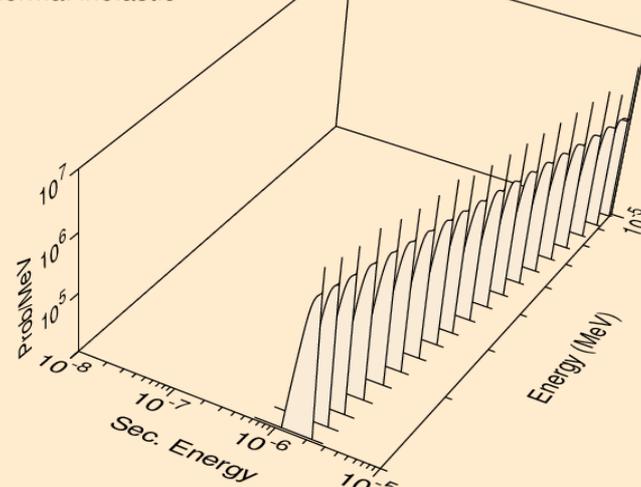
D-D<sub>2</sub>O, T=350.0 K, S(A,B) CAB MODEL 2015, NJ99, TOL = .001, thermal inelastic



O-D<sub>2</sub>O, T=350.0 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, 2015, NJ99, thermal inelastic



O-D<sub>2</sub>O, T=350.0 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, 2015, NJ99, thermal inelastic

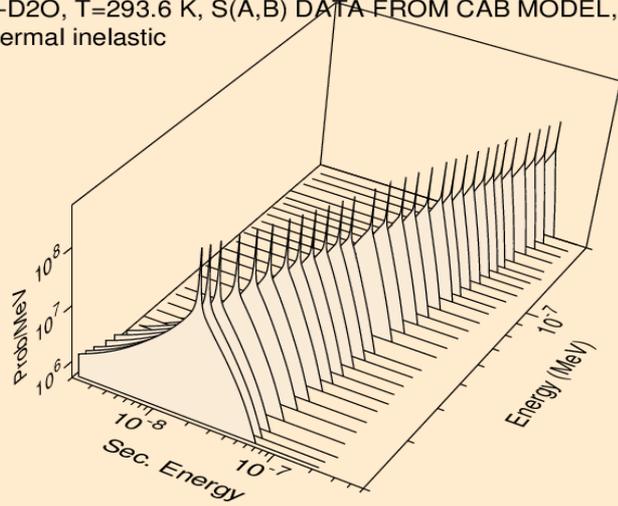


# NEW $S(a,B)$ for heavy water

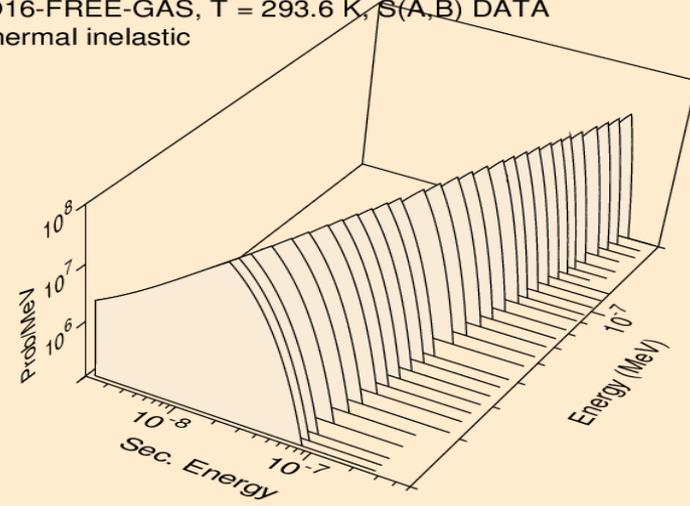
## O-16-in-D<sub>2</sub>O vs. O-16 free gas model (at room T)

Processed with NJOY99:  $P_s(E \rightarrow E')$ ,  $T = 293.6$  K; thermal  $E$  and  $E' \sim 5-10$  eV

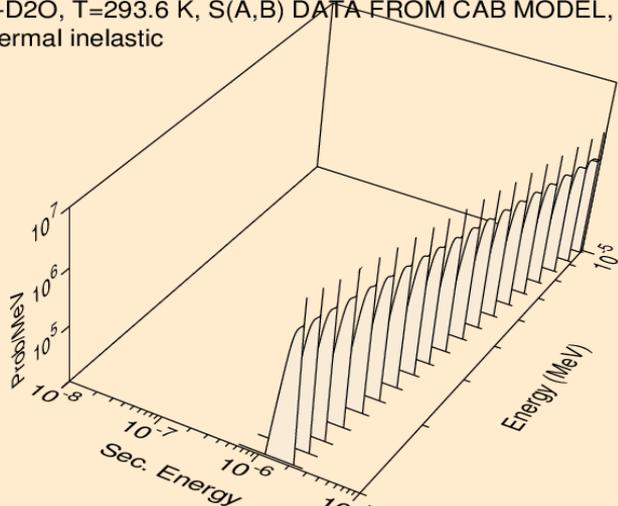
O-D2O, T=293.6 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, 2015  
thermal inelastic



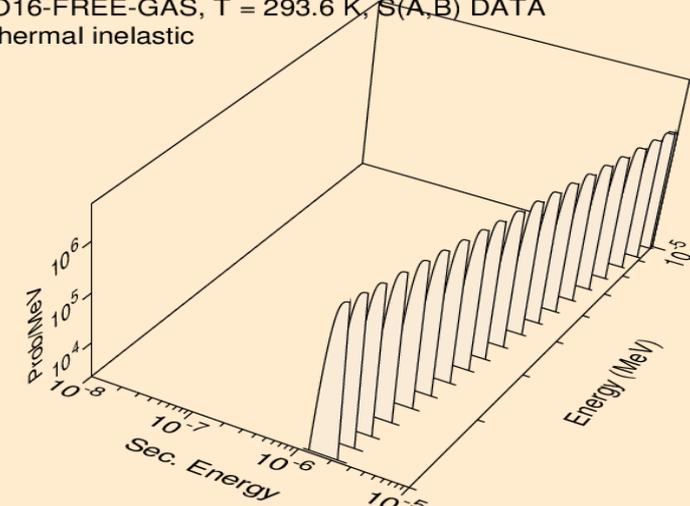
O16-FREE-GAS, T = 293.6 K, S(A,B) DATA  
thermal inelastic



O-D2O, T=293.6 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, 2015  
thermal inelastic



O16-FREE-GAS, T = 293.6 K, S(A,B) DATA  
thermal inelastic

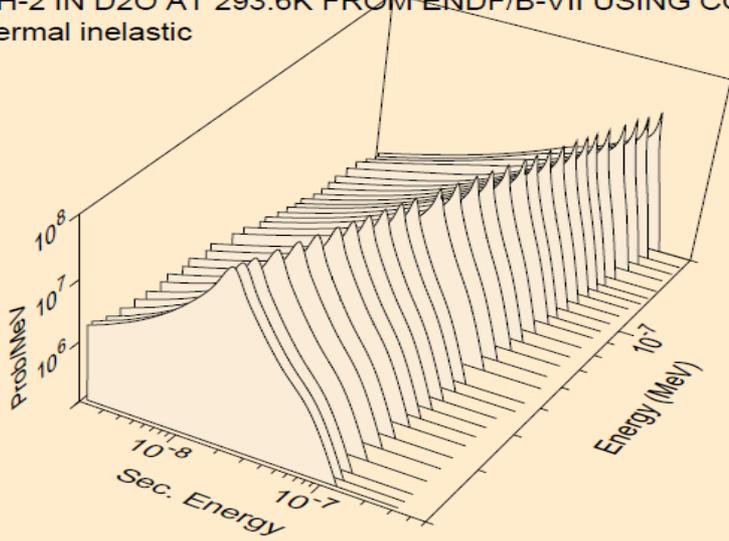


# NEW $S(a,\beta)$ for heavy water

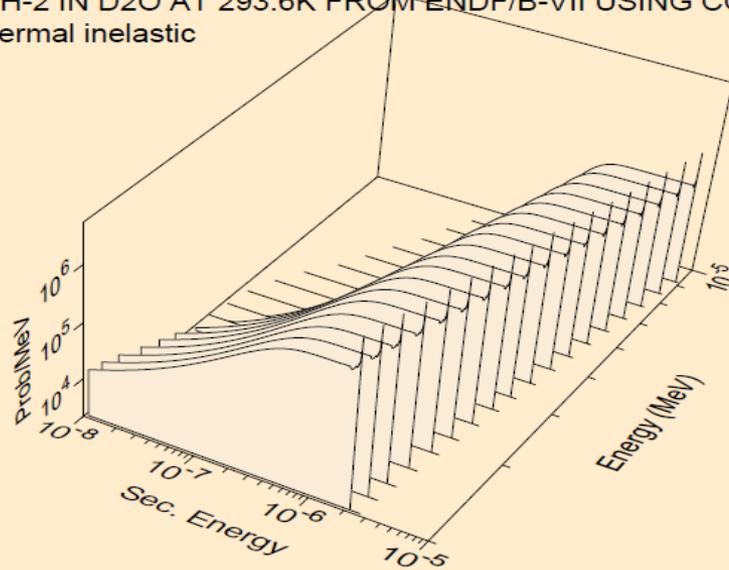
H-2-in-D<sub>2</sub>O: compare with ENDF/B-VII.0 (.1), at room T

Processed with NJOY99 :  $P_s(E \rightarrow E')$ ,  $T = 293.6$  K; thermal  $E$  and  $E' \sim 5-10$  eV

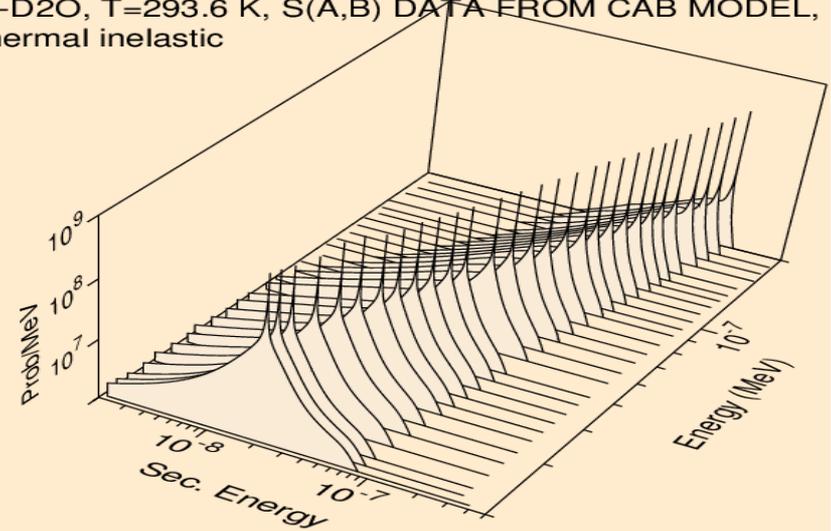
1-H-2 IN D2O AT 293.6K FROM ENDF/B-VII USING CON thermal inelastic



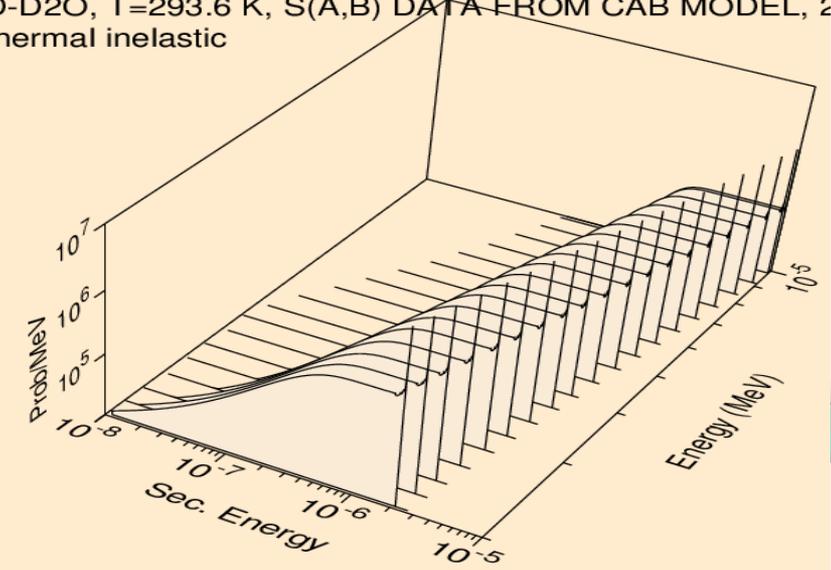
1-H-2 IN D2O AT 293.6K FROM ENDF/B-VII USING CON thermal inelastic



D-D2O, T=293.6 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, thermal inelastic



D-D2O, T=293.6 K, S(A,B) DATA FROM CAB MODEL, 2 thermal inelastic

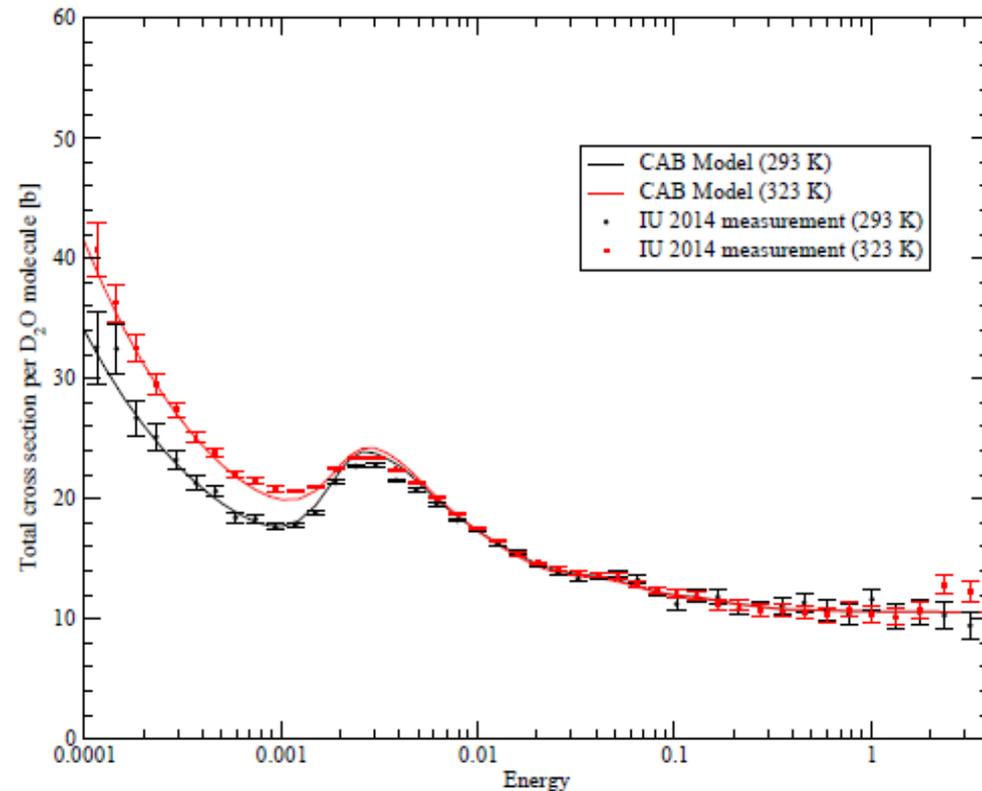
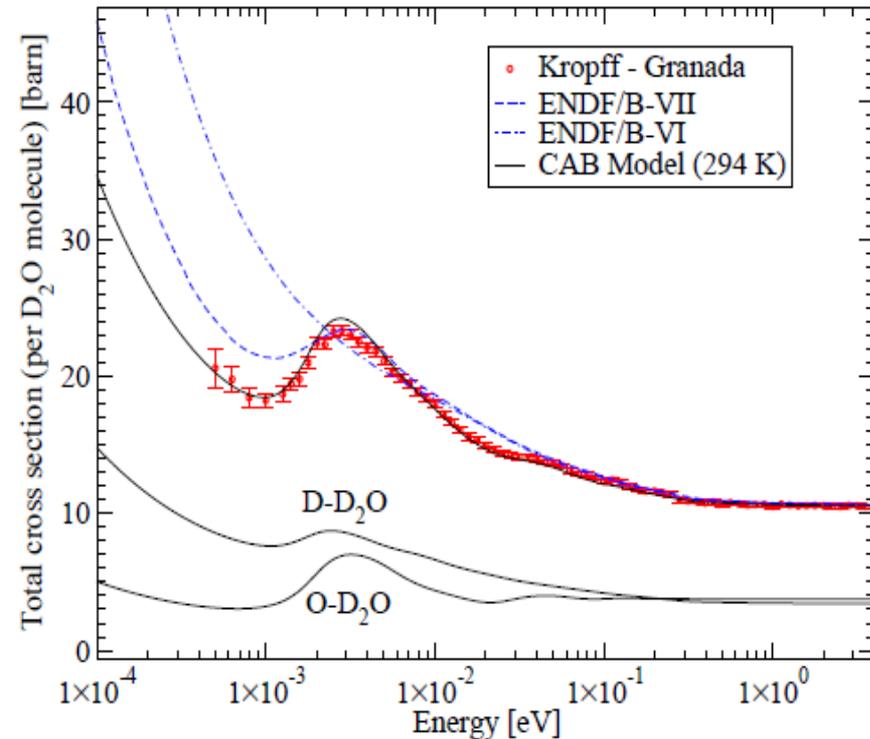


# Validation of $S(a,B)$ for heavy water

we have H-2-in-D<sub>2</sub>O and O-16-in-D<sub>2</sub>O  $\rightarrow \sigma_{\text{tot}}$  (per molecule) vs.  $E$

New experiments in IU with Prof. D. Baxter, (2014), at  $T = 50 \text{ C}$  ( $\sim 323 \text{ K}$ )

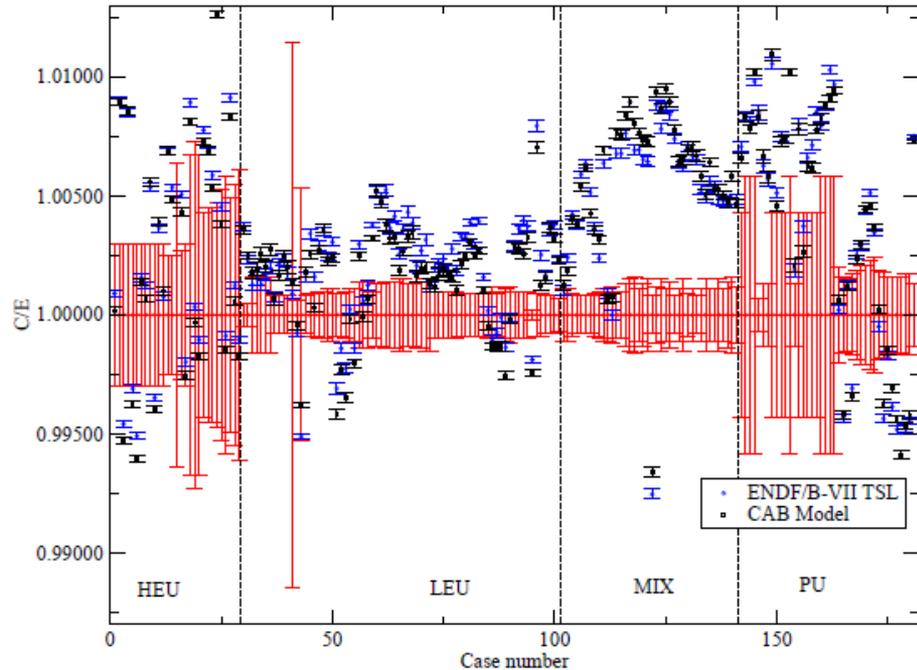
Room T



# Benchmarking $S(a, \beta)$ for light / heavy water

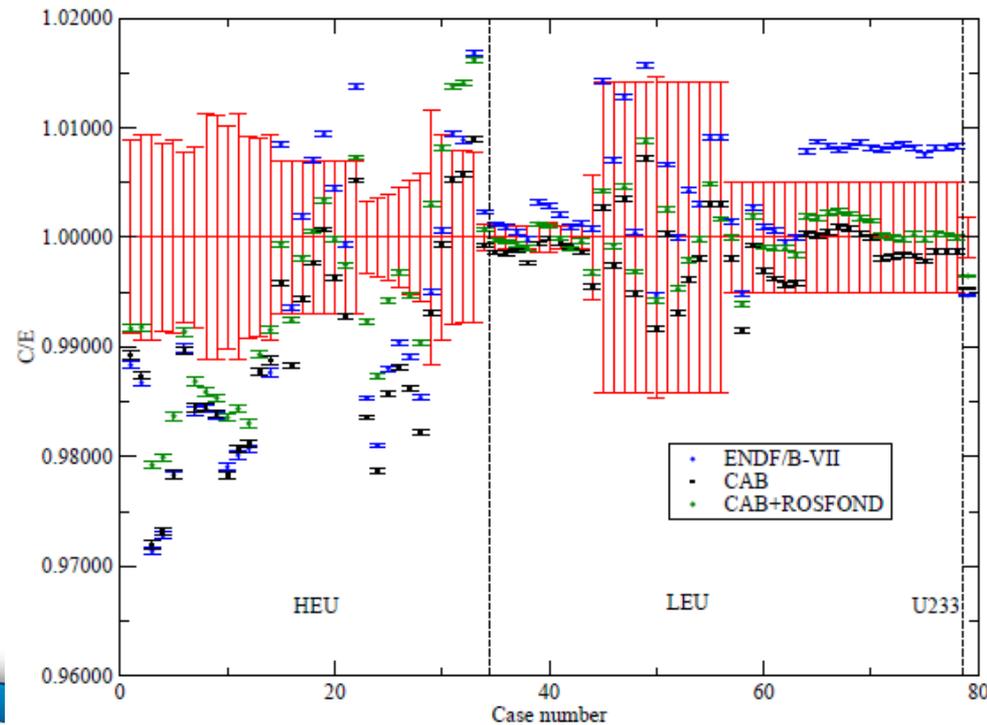
International Handbook of Evaluated Criticality Safety Benchmark Experiments

<https://www.oecd-nea.org/science/wpncs/icsbep/>



↑ with new TSL for H<sub>2</sub>O : ?

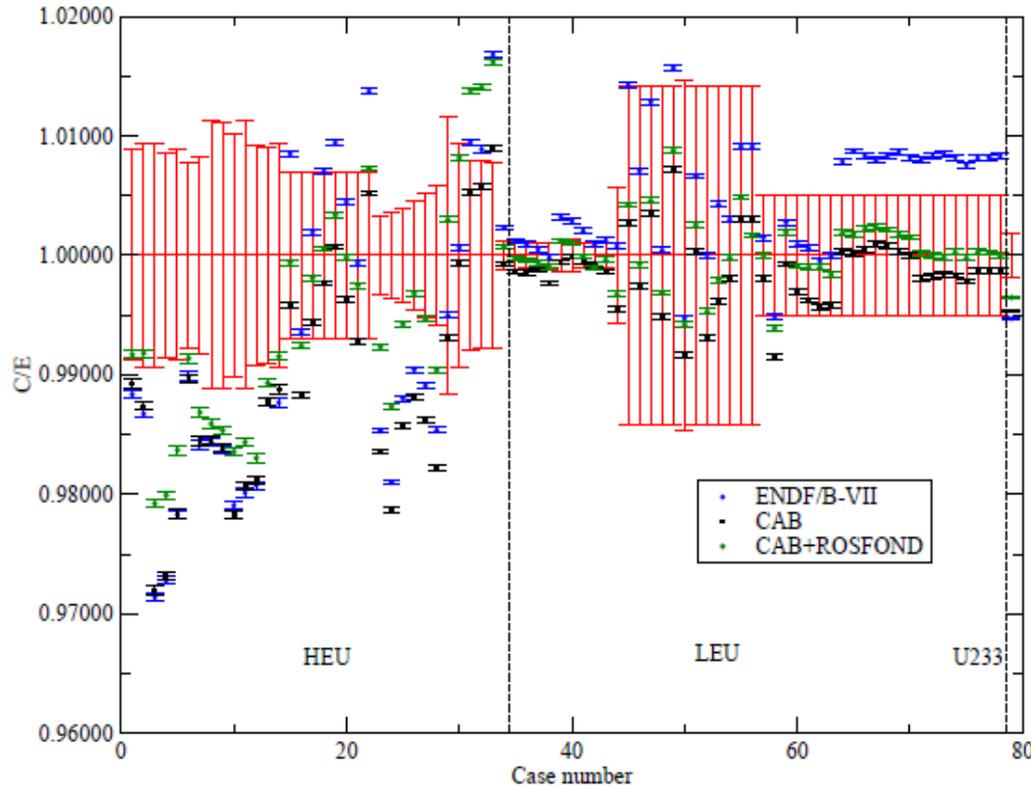
↓ with D<sub>2</sub>O, room T : toward better agr. in C/E



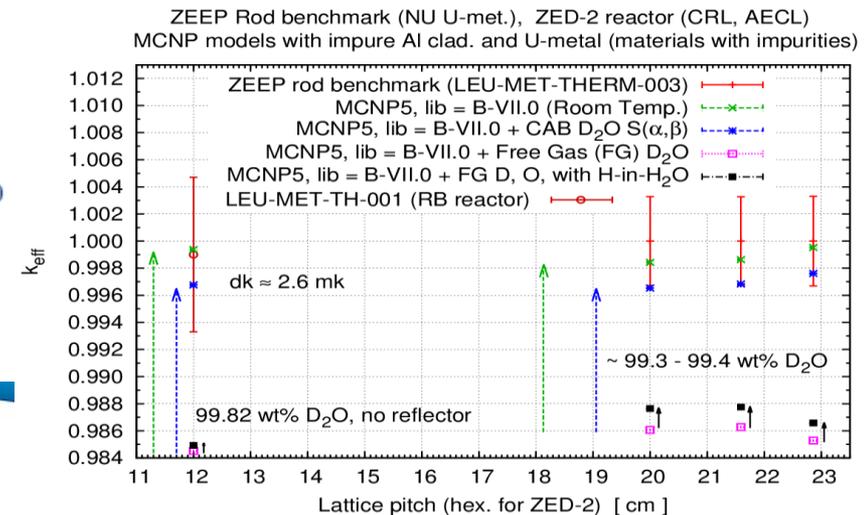
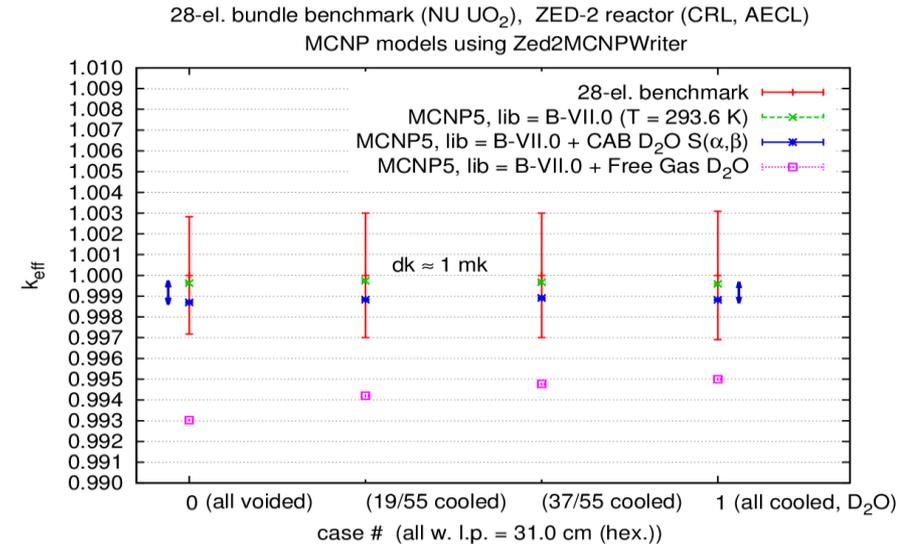
# Benchmarking $S(a,\beta)$ for heavy water

International Handbook of Evaluated Criticality Safety Benchmark Experiments

<https://www.oecd-nea.org/science/wpncs/icsbep/>



with new TSL for  $D_2O$ ,  
k-eff changes (decreases) by 100-1000 pcm



## Conclusion ( new TSL for light / heavy water )

- The new TSL evaluations are an improvement over the models of thermal neutron scattering from molecular liquids currently used in the evaluated nuclear data libraries.
- New TSL for H<sub>2</sub>O and D<sub>2</sub>O are available from testing (some help with NJOY99 processing can be provided).
- The improvements are more important in the case of heavy water
- When we apply these libraries to the calculation of light water moderated critical systems, small changes in the range  $\pm 150$  pcm are observed. These changes can be traced to a slight hardening of the spectrum.
- In the case of heavy water moderated systems, the differences are more significant, with changes of  $\sim 1200$  pcm. When the new TSL for heavy water is combined with the ROSFOND-2010 evaluation of deuterium, a significant improvement in the calculations is found.



## Technical note ( NJOY99 and NJOY 2012 )

Processing MF7 using  $E - E' - \mu$  representation:  $P(\mu | E \rightarrow E')$

**thermr** parameter **nbin** = number of equi-probable bins ( angles  $\mu_j$  )

Each angular bin, prob =  $1/\text{nbin}$ , is represented by  $\mu_j$ ,  $\text{dim}(\mu_j) = \text{nbin}$

Suggest enforcing  $-1.0 \leq \mu_j \leq +1.0$ ,

```
*i thermr.1824
  if ( a(il+jscr) .gt. 1.0D0 ) then
    write(nsyso, '(
      &   " ***warning***",
      &   "cosine ", f12.8,
      &   " set to 1.0" )' ) a(il+jscr)
    a(il+jscr) = 1.0D0
  endif
```

in **thermr** **and** acer / aceth ( if iwt=2 in acer / aceth )

MCNP5 / MCNP6 and other MC codes with thermal ace files with  
'wrong'  $\mu_j$ : any problem (?), improve ace files (?) ...



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# Thank you / *Merci* / Gracias

## Questions?

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